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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
08/765,026	01/13/1997	MARTINE BARKATS	ST94051-US	5544
7590 - 09/30/2004			EXAMINER	
FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW,			LAMBERTSON, DAVID A	
GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P. 1300 I Street, N.W.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Washington, DC 20005-3315			1636	
			DATE MAILED: 09/30/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	08/765,026	BARKATS ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	David A. Lambertson	1636
The MAILING DATE of this communicated Period for Reply	ation appears on the cover sheet wit	th the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOI THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communically the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) of the Indian Indi	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a relication. days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty tory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTILL, by statute, cause the application to become ABA	eply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. FHS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed	on 26 July 2004.	
)☐ This action is non-final.	4
3) Since this application is in condition fo closed in accordance with the practice		
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 47,61-68,78,79 and 83 is/are 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 47,61-68,78,79 and 83 is/are 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn from consideration. rejected.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the E 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to be	a) accepted or b) objected to be on to the drawing(s) be held in abeyand the correction is required if the drawing(s)	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		*4
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority do 2. Certified copies of the priority do	ocuments have been received. Ocuments have been received in Ap the priority documents have been r Il Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Su	
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		/Mail Date ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Receipt is acknowledged of a reply to the previous Office Action, filed July 26, 2004.

Amendments were made to the claims. Specifically, claims 69-75, 81 and 82 were cancelled.

Claims 47, 61-68, 78, 79 and 83 are pending and under consideration in the instant application. Any rejection of record in the previous Office Action, mailed February 25, 2004, that is not addressed in this action has been withdrawn.

Because this Office Action only maintains rejections set forth in the previous Office Action and/or sets forth new rejections that are necessitated by amendment, this Office Action is made FINAL.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

Claims 47, 61-68, 78, 79 and 83 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. This rejection is maintained for the reasons set forth in the previous Office Action.

Response to Arguments Concerning Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

Applicant's arguments filed July 26, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The following grounds of traversal were presented:

1. Post-filing evidence of enablement, in the form of three scientific publications, was presented (see for example pages 6-7 of Applicant's response). It is concluded that this post-filing

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evidence rebuts the evidence provided by the Office in support of the enablement rejection (see for example page 8 of Applicant's response).

- 2. As it concerns Barkats-2002, it is argued that the survival of dopaminergic neurons can be increased upon expression of SOD-1 from an adenoviral vector (see for example pages 6-7, the bridging paragraph of Applicant's response).
- 3. As it concerns Barkats-1998, it is argued that a rat model of Parkinson's disease showed expression of hSOD-1 from an adenoviral vector persisted 5 weeks after grafting. It was further argued that there was a minimal immune response associated with the rat model (see for example page 7, first full paragraph of Applicant's response).
- **4.** As it concerns Barkats-1996, it is argued that infection of striatal cells with an adenovirus expressing SOD protect the cells from cell death (see for example page 7, second full paragraph of Applicant's response).
- 5. It is suggested that the references provided by the Office merely refer to safety considerations inherent to clinical trial issues, and do not reflect the standard of enablement (see for example page 9 of Applicant's response). It is then concluded that the Office "has provided no basis for concluding that the relied upon generalized problems with gene therapy would prevent the skilled artisan from practicing the specific claimed method. The experimental data in the specification, and subsequently supported by Barkats-2002, Barkats-1998, and Barkats-1996, clearly indicate successful Ad delivery and expression of an SOD gene useful to the treatment of Parkinson's disease."

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Applicant's arguments are not convincing for the following reasons:

- 1. It is improper to rely on post-filing evidence to support a conclusion of enablement if the post-filing art does not rely upon the *claimed* method. A US patent is not a hunting license, but rather a reward for the successful completion of an invention. As evidenced by the reliance on post-filing art, further experimentation was required to enable the claimed invention. This further experimentation was conducted for 2, 4 and 8 years, post-filing of the specification, indicating that an undue amount of experimentation was required to enable the claimed invention. As such, the instantly filed specification cannot be considered enabling. The allegation that the evidence set forth in the post-filing art rebuts the position of the Office will be addressed below in a reference-by-reference manner.
- 2 and 4. As it concerns the expression of SOD in dopaminergic neurons and striatal cells, and their respective survival, it is noted that cell culture results are not predictive of *in vivo* results using an adenoviral vector for gene therapy. Obviously, a cell culture cannot display an immune response, which is a major problem with adenoviral vector-based gene therapy technique. As a result, the findings of Barkats-2002 and Barkats-1996 do not address the predictability of treating Parkinson's disease *in vivo*, using an adenoviral vector. Thus, even if the Barkats-2002 and Barkats-1996 were permissible for establishing the enablement of the instant application post-filing, the recited reference does not address the unpredictability of treating Parkinson's disease.
- 3. First, it is again pointed out that the teachings of Barkats-1998 are not set forth in the instant specification; it is the enablement of the instant specification that is in question, not the enablement of subsequent publications. Applicant cannot rely on post-filing art to supplement the teachings of the instant specification. Second, it is noted that the Barkats-1998 reference,

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while indicating a greater survival of cells expressing SOD following transplantation into rats, clearly indicates that the difference "was not statistically significant" (see specifically, Barkats-1998 sentence bridging the left and right columns of page 336).

Finally, it is noted that the method of administration in Barkats-1998 is via an *ex vivo* grafting method, whereby cells are transfected with the adenovirus *in vitro* and then transplanted into a rat four days after the initial infection. Under such circumstances, one would expect to see only a minimal immunogenic response because the complete organism is not subjected to the initial bolus of adenovirus, to which it would necessarily have an immune response. The fact remains that direct administration of adenovirus (to which the instant specification and claims are directed) results in an immunogenic response, as evidenced by the teachings of Anderson, Verma and Mountain.

5. The references (Verma, Anderson and Mountain) provided by the Office do not simply address safety concerns associated with gene therapy techniques, as alleged. The previous Office action specifically pointed to sections of the Verma, Anderson and Mountain references that discussed areas of unpredictability in performing gene therapy, including maintaining *in vivo* expression of the gene at a therapeutic level, successfully delivering the gene to the cells of interest, and preventing immunogenicity to the delivery vector (which results in decreased expression of the therapeutic gene). None of these issues regard safety concerns, but rather exhibit the unpredictability with practicing the invention, which requires the successful targeting of appropriate cells and sustained expression of the therapeutic gene without induction of an immune response. Thus, Applicant's conclusion that the Office provides no platform for the unpredictability of the claimed invention is simply a blanket statement made without basis.

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In conclusion, Applicant is relying on post-filing teachings to enable the claimed invention. This is improper, as a patent must be enabled at the time of filing. Furthermore, the post-filing references upon which Applicant relies do not address the areas of unpredictability established in the art, as taught by the Verma, Anderson and Mountain references supplied by the Office in the previous Office Action. As such, the rejection is maintained for the reasons set forth previously.

Allowable Subject Matter

No claims are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David A. Lambertson whose telephone number is (571) 272-0771. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30am to 4pm, Mon.-Fri., first Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Remy Yucel, Ph.D. can be reached on (571) 272-0781. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

David A. Lambertson, Ph.D. AU 1636

JAMES KETTER
PRIMARY EXAMINER